

#22040179

Analysis Report prepared for

Restoration 1 of Southern West Virginia

81 Brookeview Manor Drive Chapmanville, WV 25508

Phone: (304) 601-4900

Kermit Middle #2

Received: October 11, 2022 Reported: October 11, 2022 We would like to thank you for trusting Hayes Microbial for your analytical needs! We received 37 samples by FedEx in good condition for this project on October 11th, 2022.

The results in this analysis pertain only to this job, collected on the stated date, and should not be used in the interpretation of any other job. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without the written consent of Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC..

This laboratory bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or your use of the test results. Interpretation and use of test results are your responsibility. Any reference to health effects or interpretation of mold levels is strictly the opinion of Hayes Microbial. In no event, shall Hayes Microbial or any of its employees be liable for lost profits or any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of these test results.

tephen N. Hoyces

Steve Hayes, BSMT(ASCP) Laboratory Director Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.



EPA Laboratory ID: VA01419



Lab ID: #188863



DPH License: #PH-0198

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(804) 562-3435

Chapmanville, WV 25508

(304) 601-4900

#22040179

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	1			2			3			4		
Sample Name		Outside		М	usic Modula	r		Room 134			Room 135	
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter	
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³	
Background		2			2			2			2	
Fragments		27/m ³			ND			ND			ND	
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tota
Alternaria												
Ascospores	256	3413	58.9%	2	27	50.0%	2	27	100.0%	1	13	100.0%
spergillus Penicillium	3	40	<1%									
Basidiospores	140	1867	32.2%	1	13	25.0%						
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium	35	467	8.0%									
Curvularia	1	13	<1%									
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes				1	13	25.0%						
Pestalotiopsis												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	435	5800	100%	4	53	100%	2	27	100%	1	13	100%
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	n Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signi	ficantly Higher 1	han Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity
		Received: Oct 1	1, 2022	Rep	orted: Oct 11, 20	22						
	ES	Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri,	PhD P. R	Pame		Date: 10 - 11 - 202	Review	ed By: łayes, BSMT 🏒	toolor 1	1. Hours	Date:	1 - 2022

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#22040179

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	5			6			7			8		
Sample Name		Room 136			Room 137		Во	y's Restroo	m	Giı	rl's Restroo	m
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter	
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	3	<u></u>	13 spores/m ³	}		13 spores/m ³		-	13 spores/m ³	
Background		2		-	2			2			2	
Fragments		ND			ND			ND			ND	
Tagments		ND			ND			ND			ND	
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tot
Alternaria												
Ascospores	2	27	66.7%	6	80	75.0%	2	27	40.0%	2	27	40.0
oergillus Penicillium							1	13	20.0%			
Basidiospores	1	13	33.3%	1	13	12.5%						
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium										1	13	20.0
Curvularia				1	13	12.5%	2	27	40.0%			
Epicoccum										1	13	20.0
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes										1	13	20.0
Pestalotiopsis												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	3	40	100%	8	106	100%	5	67	100%	5	66	100
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signi	ficantly Higher	han Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity
		Received: Oct	11, 2022	Rep	orted: Oct 11, 20	022						
<u> </u>	ES	Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri,		ame	An	Date: 10 - 11 - 202	Review	ed By: layes, BSMT 🏒	Hon land 7	1 Hours	Date:	1 - 2022

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#22040179

Sample Number	9			10			11			12		
Sample Name		Room 140			Room 141			Room 143			Room 144	
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter	
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	}		13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³	
Background		2			2			2			2	
Fragments		ND			ND			ND			ND	
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tota
Alternaria												
Ascospores	1	13	4.5%	2	27	100.0%	3	40	75.0%	3	40	75.0%
spergillus Penicillium	15	200	68.2%									
Basidiospores							1	13	25.0%			
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium	5	67	22.7%									
Curvularia												
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes	1	13	4.5%									
Pestalotiopsis										1	13	25.0%
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	22	293	100%	2	27	100%	4	53	100%	4	53	100%
Water Damage Indicato		Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signi	ficantly Higher 1	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity
		Received: Oct 1			orted: Oct 11, 20							
HAY	ES	Project Analyst:		hep	1	Date:	Review	ed By:	41.	nll	Date:	
MICROBIAL CO		Ramesh Poluri,	PhD F.K	ame	Siz	10 - 11 - 202	22 Steve H	layes, BSMT 🏒	leptien 7	1. Hayes	10 - 1	I - 2022

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#22040179

Sample Number	13			14			15			16		
Sample Name		Room 145		L	unch Room			Gym		Girl	s Locker Ro	om
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter	
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	}		13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³	3
Background		2			2			2			2	
Fragments		ND			ND			ND			ND	
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tota
Alternaria												
Ascospores	2	27	66.7%	2	27	100.0%	3	40	75.0%	4	53	66.7%
spergillus Penicillium												
Basidiospores	1	13	33.3%				1	13	25.0%	1	13	16.79
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium										1	13	16.79
Curvularia												
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes												
Pestalotiopsis												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	3	40	100%	2	27	100%	4	53	100%	6	79	100%
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Sign	ificantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity
		Received: Oct 1	11, 2022	Rep	orted: Oct 11, 20)22						
	ES	Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri,		Pamer	In	Date: 10 - 11 - 202	Review	ed By: Hayes, BSMT 🏒	Itophen 7	1. Hours	Date:	1 - 2022

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#22040179

Sample Number	17			18			19			20		
Sample Name	Boy'	s Locker Ro	om		Kitchen			Library		Room	Next To Lil	orary
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter	
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	}		13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³	
Background		2			2			2			2	
Fragments		ND			13/m ³			ND			ND	
										·		
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tot
Alternaria												
Ascospores	2	27	100.0%	2	27	50.0%	2	27	100.0%	2	27	50.0
, pergillus Penicillium												
Basidiospores				1	13	25.0%				1	13	25.0
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium				1	13	25.0%						
Curvularia												
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes										1	13	25.0
Pestalotiopsis												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	2	27	100%	4	53	100%	2	27	100%	4	53	100
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signi	ficantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormali	ity
		Received: Oct	1, 2022	Rep	orted: Oct 11, 20)22						
<u> Η Α Υ</u>	ES	Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri,	P.C	Sam as	1a	Date: 10 - 11 - 202	Review	ed By: layes, BSMT 🏒	Italian 1	1 Hours	Date:	- 2022

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#22040179

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	21			22			23			24		
Sample Name		Office		Of	fice Restroo	m	E	Break Room			Room 148	
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter	
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	}		13 spores/m ³	}		13 spores/m ³		-	13 spores/m ³	1
Background		2			2			2			2	
Fragments		- ND			ND			- ND			- ND	
										-		
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tot
Alternaria										-		
Ascospores	1	13	50.0%	1	13	14.3%	2	27	100.0%	2	27	66.79
pergillus Penicillium												
Basidiospores										1	13	33.39
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium	1	13	50.0%	5	67	71.4%						
Curvularia												
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes				1	13	14.3%						
Pestalotiopsis												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium										-		
Total	2	26	100%	7	93	100%	2	27	100%	3	40	1009
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Sign	ificantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity
		Received: Oct 1	11, 2022	Rep	orted: Oct 11, 20	022						
HAY	ES	Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri,				Date: 10 - 11 - 202	Review	ed By: Hayes, BSMT 🏒	Italian 7	n Han	Date:	1 - 2022

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#22040179

Sample Number	25			26			27			28		
Sample Name		Room 150		Gi	rl's Restroo	m	Во	y's Restroo	m		Room 153	
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter	
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	}		13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³	
Background		2			2			2			2	
Fragments		ND			ND			ND			ND	
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tota
Alternaria												
Ascospores	3	40	100.0%	1	13	20.0%	2	27	66.7%	2	27	100.09
spergillus Penicillium				4	53	80.0%						
Basidiospores												
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium							1	13	33.3%			
Curvularia												
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes												
Pestalotiopsis												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	3	40	100%	5	66	100%	3	40	100%	2	27	100%
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signi	ficantly Higher 1	han Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity
		Received: Oct	1, 2022	Rep	orted: Oct 11, 20)22						
JHAY	ES	Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri,		ame	Shy	Date: 10 - 11 - 202	Review 22 Steve H	ed By: layes, BSMT 🏒	tephen 7	1. Hayes	Date:	1 - 2022
MICROBIAL CC	INSULTING	3005 East Bo	undary Torra	co Suito E Mi	diothion VA 2	2112	(804) 562-34	25 000	taat@havaan	nicrobial.com		Page: 8 o

Chapmanville, WV 25508

#22040179

Spore Trap

Sample Number	30			31			32			33		
Sample Name		Room 155			Room 157			Room 159			Room 160	
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter	
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	}		13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³	
Background		2			2			2		-	2	
Fragments		- ND			ND			ND		-	- ND	
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tot
Alternaria												
Ascospores	2	27	66.7%	4	53	80.0%	1	13	100.0%	1	13	50.0
pergillus Penicillium												
Basidiospores				1	13	20.0%						
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium										1	13	50.0
Curvularia												
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes	1	13	33.3%									
Pestalotiopsis												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	3	40	100%	5	66	100%	1	13	100%	2	26	100
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Sign	ificantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ty
		Received: Oct	1, 2022	Rep	orted: Oct 11, 20	022						
<u> </u>	ES	Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri,		Jam 13	S.	Date: 10 - 11 - 202	Review	ed By: Hayes, BSMT 🏒	Italian 1	1 Hours	Date:	- 2022

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#22040179

Sop - HMC#101

Sample Number	34			35			36			37		
Sample Name		Room 161			Room 162			Room 163		Ele	ementary Ha	all
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter	
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	3		13 spores/m ³	1		13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³	
Background		2			2			2			2	
Fragments		ND			ND			ND		-	ND	
Tagments		ND			ND			ND		-	ND	
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Tot
Alternaria												
Ascospores	2	27	100.0%	1	13	10.0%	1	13	33.3%	2	27	66.79
pergillus Penicillium												
Basidiospores										1	13	33.39
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium				9	120	90.0%	2	27	66.7%			
Curvularia												
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes												
Pestalotiopsis												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	2	27	100%	10	133	100%	3	40	100%	3	40	1009
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Sign	ificantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity
		Received: Oct	11, 2022	Rep	orted: Oct 11, 20	022						
<u> HAY</u>	ES	Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri,		ame		Date: 10 - 11 - 202	Review	ed By: Hayes, BSMT 🏒	Honling 7	1 Hours	Date:	I - 2022

Corey Preece Restoration 1 of Southern West Virginia

81 Brookeview Manor Drive Chapmanville, WV 25508 (304) 601-4900

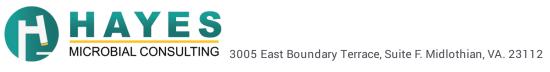
#22040179

Sample Number	38											
Sample Name	Mide	dle School I	Hall									
Sample Volume		75.00 liter										
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³	;									
Background		2										
Fragments		ND										
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total									
Alternaria												
Ascospores	2	27	40.0%									
Aspergillus Penicillium			-									
Basidiospores	1	13	20.0%									
Bipolaris Drechslera			-									
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium	1	13	20.0%									
Curvularia	1	13	20.0%									
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes												
Pestalotiopsis												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	5	66	100%									
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen	Sligh	ntly Higher than	Baseline	Signif	ficantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity
		Received: Oct 1	1, 2022	Reported:	Oct 11, 2022							
	ES	Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri,	PHD P.R.	amethy	Date: 10 -	11 - 2022	Reviewe Steve Ha	ayes, BSMT 🏒	Stephen 1		Date:	1 - 2022
		3005 East Bo	undary Terrace	Suite F. Midloth	ian, VA. 2311	2 (80	4) 562-343	35 cor	ntact@hayesm	icrobial.com	F	Page: 11 of 14

Corey Preece Restoration 1 of Southern W	Vest Virginia Kermit Middle #2 #220401
1 Brookeview Manor Drive hapmanville, WV 25508 304) 601-4900	Spore Trap Informat
Reporting Limit	The Reporting Limit is the lowest number of spores that can be detected based on the total volume of the sample collected and the percentage of the slide that is counted. At Hayes Microbial, 100% of the slide is read so the LOD is based solely on the total volume. Raw spore counts that exceed 500 spores wil be estimated.
Blanks	Results have not been corrected for field or laboratory blanks.
Background	The Background is the amount of debris that is present in the sample. This debris consists of skin cells, dirt, dust, pollen, drywall dust and other organic an non-organic matter. As the background density increases, the likelihood of spores, especially small spores such as those of Aspergillus and Penicillium m be obscured. The background is rated on a scale of 1 to 5 and each level is determined as follows:
	 NBD: No background detected due to possible pump or cassette malfunction. Recollect sample. (Field Blanks will display NBD) 1 : <5% of field occluded. No spores will be uncountable. 2 : 5-25% of field occluded. 3 : 25-75% of field occluded.
	4 : 75-90% of field occluded. 5 : >90% of field occluded. Suggested recollection of sample.
Fragments	Fragments are small pieces of fungal mycelium or spores. They are not identifiable as to type and when present in very large numbers, may indicate the presence of mold amplification.
Control Comparisons	There are no national standards for the numbers of fungal spores that may be present in the indoor environment. As a general rule and guideline that is widely accepted in the indoor air quality field, the numbers and types of spores that are present in the indoor environment should not exceed those that are present outdoors at any given time. There will always be some mold spores present in "normal" indoor environments. The purpose of sampling and countin spores is to help determine whether an abnormal condition exists within the indoor environment and if it does, to help pinpoint the area of contamination. Spore counts should not be used as the sole determining factor of mold contamination. There are many factors that can cause anomalies in the compariso of indoor and outdoor samples due to the dynamic nature of both of those environments.
Water Damage Indicator	Blue: These molds are commonly seen in conditions of prolonged water intrusion and usually indicate a problem.
Common Allergen	Green: Although all molds are potential allergens, these are the most common allergens that may be found indoors.
Slightly Higher than Baseline	Orange: The spore count is slightly higher than the outside count and may or may not indicate a source of contamination.
Significantly Higher than Baseline	Red: The spore count is significantly higher than the baseline count and probably indicates a source of contamination.
Ratio Abnormality	Violet: The types of spores found indoors should be similar to the ones that were identified in the baseline sample. Significant increases (more than 25%) the ratio of a particular spore type may indicate the presence of abnormal levels of mold, even if the total number of spores of that type is lower in the indo environment than it was outdoors.
Color Coding	Fungi that are present in indoor samples at levels lower than 200 per cubic meter are not color coded on the report, unless they are one of the water dama indicators.



Corey Preece Restoration 1 of Sout B1 Brookeview Manor Drive Chapmanville, WV 25508	hern West	
(304) 601-4900		Organism Descripti
Ascospores	Habitat:	A large group consisting of more than 3000 species of fungi. Common plant pathogens and outdoor numbers become very high following rain. Most of the genera are indistinguishable by spore trap analysis and are combined on the report.
	Effects:	Health affects are poorly studied, but many are likely to be allergenic.
Aspergillus Penicillium	Habitat:	The most common fungi isolated from the environment. Very common in soil and on decaying plant material. Are able to grow well indoors on a wide variety of substrates.
	Effects:	This group contains common allergens and many can cause hypersensitivity pneumonitis. They may cause extrinsic asthma, and many are opportunistic pathogens. Many species produce mycotoxins which may be associated with disease in humans and other animals. Toxin production is dependent on the species, the food source, competition with other organisms, and other environmental conditions.
Basidiospores	Habitat:	A common group of Fungi that includes the mushrooms and bracket fungi. They are saprophytes and plant pathogens. In wet conditions they can cause structural damage to buildings.
	Effects:	Common allergens and are also associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis.
Cladosporium	Habitat:	One of the most common genera worldwide. Found in soil and plant debris and on the leaf surfaces of living plants. The outdoor numbers are lower in the winter and often relatively high in the summer, especially in high humidity. The outdoor numbers often spike in the late afternoon and evening. Indoors, it can be found growing on textiles, wood, sheetrock, moist window sills and in HVAC supply ducts.
	Effects:	A common allergen, producing more than 10 allergenic antigens and a common cause of hypersensitivity pneumonitis.
Curvularia	Habitat:	They exist in soil and plant debris, and are plant pathogens.
	Effects:	They are allergenic and a common cause of allergic fungal sinusitis. An occasional cause of human infection, including keratitis, sinusitis, onychomycosis, mycetoma, pneumonia, endocarditis and desseminated infection, primarily in the immunocompromised.
Epicoccum	Habitat:	It is found in soil and plant litter and is a plant pathogen. It can grow indoors on a variety of substrates, including paper and textiles and is commonly found on wet drywall.
	Effects:	It is a common allergen. No cases of infection have been reported in humans.



Corey Preece Restoration 1 of Southe	ern West	Virginia Kermit Middle #2	#22040179
81 Brookeview Manor Drive Chapmanville, WV 25508 (304) 601-4900			Organism Descriptions
Myxomycetes	Habitat:	Found on decaying plant material and as a plant pathogen.	
	Effects:	Some allergenic properties reported, but generally pose no health concerns to humans.	
Pestalotiopsis	Habitat:	Found in soil and occasionally on plants. Some species can break down plastics.	
	Effects:	No known health effects. Allergenic properties are poorly studied.	

